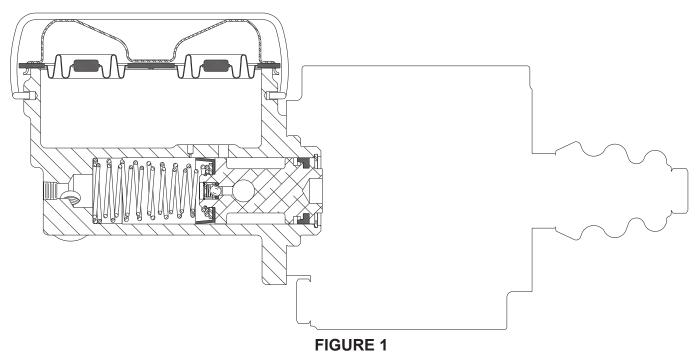
BOOSTED MASTER CYLINDER (Master Cylinder Section)



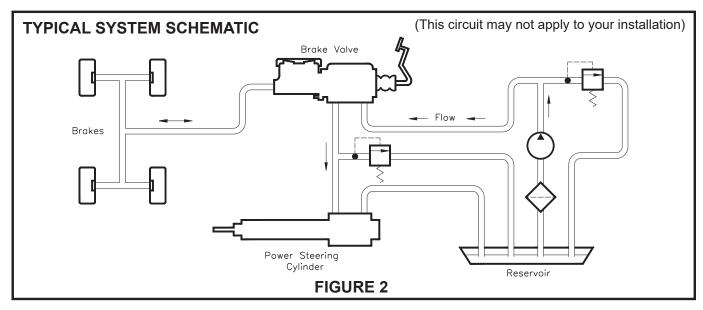
Service Instructions

MASTER CYLINDER SECTION - Mineral Base Hydraulic Oil

POWER ASSIST SECTION - Mineral Base Hydraulic Oil



This instruction sheet services the Master Cylinder Section for this model number: 02--460--610 NOTE: If your product number is not listed, contact ZF Off-Highway Solutions Minnesota Inc. for information.



REMOVING MASTER CYLINDER FROM THE MACHINE AND SEPARATING SECTIONS

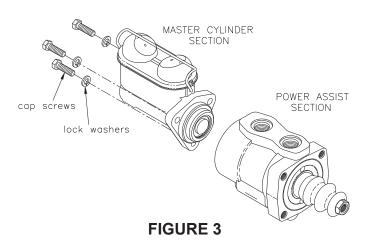
(Refer to Figures 1 and 3)

- Remove the master cylinder assembly from the machine by disconnecting the necessary fluid lines, disconnecting the push rod, and removing the mounting bolts. Drain fluid from the assembly.
- Separate the master cylinder section from the power assist section by removing three cap screws and three lock washers.

CONNECTING SECTIONS AND MOUNTING MASTER CYLINDER ON THE MACHINE

(Refer to Figures 1 and 3)

- 1. Attach the master cylinder section to the power assist section with three cap screws and three lock washers. Torque the cap screws 29.8-36.6 N·m (22-27 ft·lb).
- Install the master cylinder assembly on the machine. Connect the push rod. Connect the fluid lines. Bleed the system of air. Tighten fittings if leaks occur. Make several applications to be sure the master cylinder is working properly. NOTE: All fittings must be inspected for leaks and tightened if leaks occur.



DISASSEMBLY

(Refer to Figures 1 and 4)

1. Remove retaining ring (1) from cylinder housing (5).

A CAUTION

Retaining ring (1) is under tension of springs (3 & 4).

- 2. Remove piston assembly (2) and springs (3 & 4) from housing (5).
- 3. Remove hook (8), cover (7) and diaphragm (6) from housing (5).

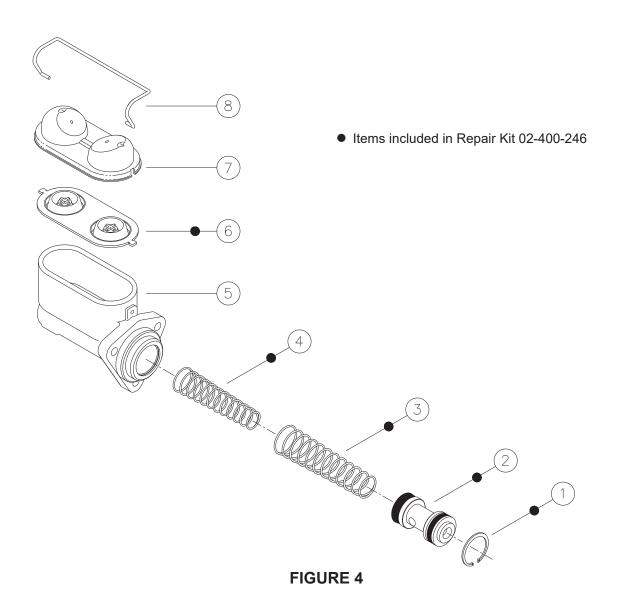
ASSEMBLY

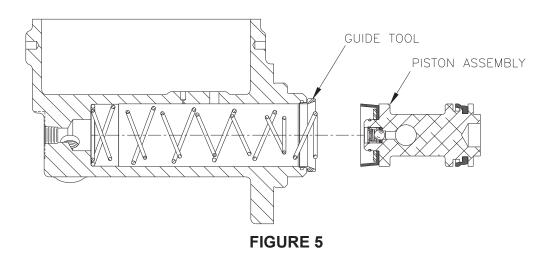
(Refer to Figures 1 and 4)

Use only mineral base hydraulic oil in master cylinder section.

LUBRICATE ALL RUBBER COMPONENTS FROM REPAIR KIT WITH CLEAN TYPE FLUID USED IN THE SYSTEM.

- 1. Clean all parts thoroughly before assembling.
- 2. Install new springs (3 & 4), new piston assembly (2), and new retaining ring (1) in housing (5). NOTE: To prevent damage to cup on piston assembly when installing piston assembly in housing bore, use guide tool provided in repair kit 02-400-246. See Figure 5.
- 3. Install new diaphragm (6), cover (7), and hook (8) on housing (6).





BLEEDING PROCEDURES

NOTE

Use only proper fluid specified by machine manufacture. Never reuse fluid that has been drained from the system. Be sure that you maintain a high level of fluid in the reservoir during and after the entire bleeding process.

PRESSURE BLEEDING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Master cylinder must be mounted to the power assist section.
- 2. Fill the reservoir with proper fluid.
- 3. Be sure all fittings are tight to avoid leaking.
- 4. DO NOT DEPRESS THE PEDAL.
- Connect a pressure bleeder to the reservoir adapter. Recommended bleeding pressure is 2.07 bar (30 PSI) maximum. NOTE: Make sure to use correct pressure bleeder for the type fluid used in the system.
- Open the bleeder screw closest to the master cylinder outlet. Most of the air contained in the system will escape through this route. Close the bleeder screw.
- Continue to the next bleeder screw and so on. At each point when air bubbles disappear close the bleeder screw.
- 8. Remove the pressure bleeder.
- Open the bleeder screw at the master cylinder. Actuate the cylinder to remove any residual air. Tighten bleeder screw before allowing the pedal to return.
- Depress the pedal several times. If the pedal is spongy, check for system leaks and repeat bleeding process.
- Fill the reservoir to within 12.7 mm (0.50 in) of top. Install filler cap and torque 33.9-40.7 N·m (25-30 lb·ft).

BENCH BLEEDING INSTRUCTIONS

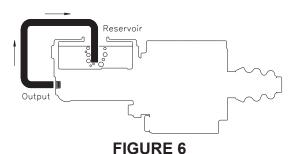
(Refer to Figure 6)

- This process can be done in a bench vise or on the machine with master cylinder mounted to power assist section.
- 2. Remove master cylinder filler cap.
- Connect a length of tubing to an outlet port and immerse the other bend below the fluid level in the master cylinder reservoir. Keep reservoir fluid within 12.7 mm (0.50 in) of inside reservoir top.
- 4. Actuate master cylinder piston with a smooth object large enough to hold the small internal piston from coming out. Slowly stroke and release master cylinder piston. See CAUTION below. Repeat until air bubbles in reservoir have ceased.
- Remove the tubing. This should be done quickly so the loss of fluid will be minimized.
- If the master cylinder was bench bled in a vise, it must now be attached securely to the power assist section and mounted on machine. Complete all plumbing connections before continuing to step 7.
- Bleed remaining air from system by depressing brake pedal and opening bleeder fitting closest to the master cylinder. Close the bleeder fitting

- before brake pedal is released. Continue to next bleeder port. In all cases the bleeder fittings must be closed before the brake pedal is released or air will be pulled in through the bleeder and ingest unwanted air in the system.
- 8. Fill the reservoir to within 12.7 mm (0.50 in) of top. Install filler plug and torque 33.9-40.7 N·m (25-35 lb·ft).
- 9. Be certain all fittings are tight to avoid any leaking.
- Depress the pedal several times.
 If brake pedal feels spongy, check for system leaks and repeat the bleeding process.

A CAUTION

Care must be taken so as not to over stroke this cylinder. The cylinder does not incorporate a piston stop. Over stroking this cylinder may cause it to leak from push rod end of cylinder. Maximum recommended stroke for this cylinder is 31.8 mm (1.25 in).



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